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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/736,678	12/13/2000	Siva Subramanian	7000-047	7990
27820	7590	01/25/2005		
WITHROW & TERRANOVA, P.L.L.C. P.O. BOX 1287 CARY, NC 27512			EXAMINER GOLD, AVI M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2157	

DATE MAILED: 01/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/736,678

Applicant(s)

SUBRAMANIAN ET AL.

Examiner

Avi Gold

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 December 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-50 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-50 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

The amendment received on December 30, 2004 has been entered and fully considered.

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-47 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Denecheau et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,611,874, further in view of McCanne, U.S. Patent No. 6,611,872.

Denecheau teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method for statistically improving routing within an Internet, and more particularly for improving next hop selection between internetwork routers (see abstract).

As to claims 1, 19, 31, and 46, Denecheau teaches a method for distributing processing among routing nodes capable of providing application level support during routing, the method comprising:

identifying processing resources required to provide application level support during routing for select traffic (col. 3, lines 43-58; Denecheau discloses next hop selection identifiers);

selecting at least one routing node capable of providing the processing resources required to provide the application level support for the select traffic (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20; Denecheau discloses a protocol processing the packet); and

routing the select traffic through the at least one routing node capable of providing the processing resources required to provide the application level support, wherein the at least one routing node provides the application level support for the select traffic while routing the select traffic (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20; Denecheau discloses a routing method that enables optimization of traffic).

Denecheau fails to teach the limitation further including application layer support.

However, McCanne teaches performing multicast communication in computer networks by using overlay routing (see abstract). McCanne teaches the use of routing on an application level (col. 3, line 58- col. 4, line 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Denecheau in view of McCanne to use routing on an application level. One would be motivated to do so because it makes use of sophisticated application-level knowledge.

Regarding claims 2, 20, and 32, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the at least one routing node is at least one of a plurality of routing nodes that can provide the application level support for the select traffic and the selecting step further comprises determining the at least one routing node from the plurality of routing nodes to provide the application level support in a manner to balance processing load among the plurality of routing nodes (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20; Denecheau discloses balancing traffic over different routes).

Regarding claims 3, 21, and 33, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the at least one routing node is at least one of a plurality of routing nodes that can provide the application level support for the select traffic and the selecting step further comprises determining the at least one routing node from the plurality of routing nodes based on available processing capacity of the at least one routing node to provide the application level support (col. 6, lines 50-67; Denecheau discloses avoiding overrunning the capacity of the receiving station).

Regarding claims 4, 22, and 34, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the at least one routing node is at least one of a plurality of routing nodes that can provide the application level support for the select traffic and the selecting step further comprises determining the at least one routing node from the plurality of routing

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nodes based on available processing capacity of the plurality of routing nodes and the at least one routing node to provide the application level support (col. 6, lines 50-67).

Regarding claims 5, 23, and 35, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the selecting step selects a plurality of routing nodes through which to route the select traffic to distribute the application level support for the select traffic and the routing step routes the select traffic to facilitate distribution of the application level support such that processing for the application level support is distributed among the plurality of routing nodes while routing the select traffic (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65; Denecheau discloses processing done at the routing nodes).

Regarding claims 6, 24, and 36, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the selecting step further comprises selecting the plurality of routing nodes within one routing path such that all of the select traffic is routed through each of the plurality of routing nodes and processing for the application level support is distributed among the plurality of routing nodes while routing the select traffic (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 7, 25, and 37, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 5 wherein the selecting step further comprises selecting the plurality of routing nodes within different routing paths such that a different portion of the select traffic is routed through each of the plurality of routing nodes and processing for the application level

support is distributed among the plurality of routing nodes while routing the select traffic (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65; Denecheau discloses packets following a different path).

Regarding claims 8, 26, and 38, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 7 wherein the selecting step further comprises selecting the plurality of routing nodes wherein at least two of the plurality of routing nodes are within one of the different routing paths such that processing for the application level support for the portion of the select traffic routed through the at least two of the plurality of routing nodes is distributed between the at least two of the plurality of routing nodes (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 9, 27, and 39, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the selecting step further comprises:

identifying possible routing paths between a source and a destination for the select traffic, each of the possible routing paths including at least one routing node capable of providing the processing resources required to provide application level support for the select traffic (col. 3, lines 43-58);

identifying a capacity of the at least one routing node in the possible routing paths to provide the processing resources (col. 6, lines 50-67); and

determining at least one of the possible routing paths through which to route the select traffic based on the capacity of the at least one routing node in the possible routing paths to provide the processing resources (col. 6, lines 50-67).

Regarding claims 10, 28, and 40, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 9 further comprising allocating resources of the at least one routing node along the at least one of the possible routing paths to provide the processing for the application level support while routing (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 11, 29, and 41, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 where the selecting step further comprises:

identifying possible routing paths between a source and a destination for the select traffic, each of the possible routing paths including at least one routing node capable of providing the processing resources required to provide application level support for the select traffic (col. 3, lines 43-58);

identifying capacities of a plurality of routing nodes among the possible routing paths to provide the processing resources (col. 6, lines 50-67); and

determining at least one of the possible routing paths through which to route the select traffic based on the capacity of the plurality of routing nodes in the possible routing paths to provide the processing resources (col. 6, lines 50-67).

Regarding claims 12, 30, and 42, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 11 wherein the selecting step further comprises distributing processing among the plurality of routing nodes to provide the application level support for the select traffic (col. 6, lines 66-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 13, 16, and 43, Denecheau teaches a method for distributing processing among multiple routing devices capable of providing application level support, the method comprising:

determining processing resources necessary for application level support of traffic to be routed (col. 3, lines 43-58);

monitoring processing capacity available on a plurality of routing nodes capable of providing the application level support and routing the traffic (col. 6, lines 50-67);

identifying at least two of the plurality of routing nodes having combined processing capacity to provide the application level support necessary for the traffic to be routed (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65); and

routing the traffic in a manner allowing the at least two routing nodes to provide the processing for the application level support (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 14, 17, and 44, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 13 further comprising determining how to distribute the processing for the application level support among the at least two routing nodes based on the processing resources

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necessary for application level support (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claims 15, 18, and 45, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 13 further comprising determining how to distribute the processing for the application level support among the at least two routing nodes based on the processing resources necessary for application level support (col. 5, lines 22-51; col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 1-20, 59-65).

Regarding claim 47, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the at least one routing node provides the application level support for the select traffic while routing the select traffic by manipulating a payload of a packet within the select traffic (col.5, lines 52-59, Denecheau discloses a message broken into packets, with those packets possibly being segmented, and transferred over the network).

Regarding claim 50, Denecheau teaches the method of claim 1 wherein the at least one routing node provides the application level support for the select traffic while routing the select traffic by operating on layer four and higher protocols within packets within the select traffic (col. 3, line 58- col. 4, line 8, McCanne discloses application level routing).

4. Claims 48 and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Denecheau and McCanne further in view of Chiu et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,701,363.

Denecheau teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method for statistically improving routing within an Internet, and more particularly for improving next hop selection between internetwork routers (see abstract). McCanne teaches the invention substantially as claimed including performing multicast communication in computer networks by using overlay routing (see abstract).

As to claims 48 and 49, Denecheau and McCanne teach the method of claim 1.

Denecheau and McCanne fail to teach the limitation further including routing the select traffic by providing secure socket layer applications and Internet Protocol security applications.

However, Chiu teaches measuring and analyzing performance characteristics for accessing hyper-link documents, such as web pages, over a communications network (see abstract). Chiu teaches the use of SSL and security protocols for routing (col. 8, lines 40-57).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Denecheau and McCanne in view of Chiu to route the select traffic by providing secure socket layer applications and Internet Protocol security applications. One would be motivated to do so because it would allow for more ways to route the traffic which would provide more efficient routing overall.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1-50 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,167,033 to Bryant et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,424,621 to Ramaswamy et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,286,052 to McCloghrie et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,078,953 to Vaid et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,044,075 to LeBoudec et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,495,426 to Wacławsky et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,854,899 to Callon et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,289,389 to Kikinis.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,151,633 to Hurst et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,377,327 to Jain et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,226,267 to Spinney et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,570,867 to Robinson et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,792,461 to Hericourt

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Avi Gold whose telephone number is 571-272-4002.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (1st Friday Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 571-272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

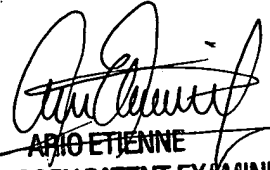
Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Avi Gold

Patent Examiner

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